

Sez

Hi all,

I received a few emails from ARRL. The first one is in regard to the 60 meter band. The FCC would like to reduce the power allowed from 100 W ERP to only 15 W ERP. They would also like to reduce secondary access to the current channels. Here is a link to the ARRL site to see more about it. <u>60 Meter Band (arrl.org)</u> We should all submit comments to the FCC so this won't change.

Another change that would be for the better, Congresswoman Debbie Lesko (AZ-08) introduced The Amateur Radio Communications Improvement Act (H.R. 3241) on May 11, 2023, to require that the FCC eliminate the obsolete HF digital symbol rate limit with a 2.8 kHz bandwidth limit. In announcing the proposed Commission actions, FCC Chairwoman Jessica Rosenworcel said that "We're bolstering amateur radio. We will vote on a proposal to incentivize innovation and experimentation in the amateur radio bands by removing outdated restrictions and providing licensees with the flexibility to use modern digital emissions". This would be great news for those into digital modes for sure! The Congresswoman subsequently addressed the issue with Chairwoman Rosenworcel in a Congressional oversight hearing. The changes are supported by many state emergency management officials. Here is a link to more information about this. DOC-397992A1.pdf (fcc.gov) Don't forget to get out and check your antennas and coax. It will just get colder!

I have made progress on countries/entities that I have made contact with. Last reported I was at 254 contacts to different countries/entities. 227 are confirmed. I am now at 260 with 229 confirmed. Even more progress!! I finally made it to 260 contacts! I need to send a few cards out or get on Club Log and get some of these rarer entities confirmed!

The Prez – 73's

Program James Gallo KB2FMH Presenting CO0 and KH8 DXpeditions

In-Person

November 8th, 2023 at 7 PM

Fork n' Pint in Waterford

SEMDXA OFFICERS

President: Fred Goeckel, KD8ZYD Vice-president: Pete Gladvsz. K8PGJ Treasurer: Brad Nowak, N8SNM Secretary: Chet Latawiec, VE3CFK Program Director: Ted Pauck, K8NA and Steve Culp, K8QKY Directors: Doug N8VY and Bob K8RGM **Club Appointees:** Web Site Editor: Doug Basberg, N8VY LP Publisher: Chet Latawiec, VE3CFK **ARRL and CO Appointees:** DXCC Checker: Stan Arnett, AC8W DXCC Checker: Bill Jones. N8KF VUCC Checker: Al Bailey, K8SIX VUCC Checker: Jim Sanford, K8ZZU CQ Checker: Mike Rudzki, N8MR CO Checker: Al Bailey, K8SIX

Meeting Minutes

The October SEMDXA meeting was chaired by our president Fred, KD8ZYD. The meeting started at 7:06 PM. There were 8 in attendance and 2 zoomed.

Acceptance of meeting minutes for the September meeting as presented in the October issue of The Long Path was requested by Chet, VE3CFK. Brad commented the minutes were incorrect and needed to be updated. (The updated minutes are reprinted to the right of this column, with the corrections indicated in RED).

Treasurers report was presented by Brad, N8SNM. Brad indicated that the club dues are due.

New Business:

The membership present at the meeting unanimously agreed to send a \$200 donation to the XW4DX DXpedition to be held November 16th to 27th.

Also, the membership agreed to sponsor the Clipperton, TX5S DXpedition for \$100. This DXpedition is planned for January 17th, 2014 for 16 days.

Chet asked if Doug, N8VY could approach Zukey Lake Tavern and inquire if SEMDXA membership could have their Christmas gathering there again this December.

Our invited guest speaker for the evening did not show up for his speaking engagement, so the meeting ended early. Motion to adjourn was made by Fred, KD8ZYD and seconded by Al, K8SIX. Meeting

VK9X - Christmas Is

GM3WOJ, Chris and GM4YXI, Keith will activate VK9X between November 21 and December 5th. They plan 160—10M using SSB, CW, FT8/4 with verticals and a K3 and Expert amps with a limit of 400 watts. They will be a multi-two entry in the CQWW CW.

Meeting Minutes

The September SEMDXA meeting was chaired by our president Fred, KD8ZYD. The meeting started at 6:55 PM. There were 13 in attendance and 2 zoomed.

Acceptance of meeting minutes for the May and June meetings as presented in the July issue of the Long Path was requested by Chet, VE3CFK. With no comments or corrections, acceptance was motioned by Stan AC8W and 2nded by Dave, K8ESQ.

Treasurers report was presented by Brad, N8SNM. Motion to accept by Mike,WD8S & 2nd by Keith, KB1SF.

New Business:

Steve, K8QKY is selling Larry K8MU's (SK) equipment. List of equipment to be forwarded to Chet, VE3CFK and then distributed to the membership.

ARRL Great Lakes Division Directorship is coming up for election. Keith, KB1SF expounded on Dave Kalter's, W8CI intent to run and Dave's background.

Brad, N8SNM has been working with The Fork n' Pint Tavern to increase the size of the TV in the meeting room. The cost would be split 50/50 between The Fork n' Pint and SEMDXA, with a maximum contribution from SEMDXA of \$500. Motion to proceed by Mike, WD8S and 2nded by Dave, N8VY.

Brad, N8SNM motioned that SEMDXA sponsor the upcoming Swains DXpedition. 2nded by Doug. All agreed by show of hands.

The evenings presentation was by Adrian, KO8CSA. Adrian talked about Bouvet Is which was his 30th DXpedition. He also informed us how he got involved in DXpeditioning and the majority of those DXpeditions he participated in. Very informative talk. Thank you Adrian.

Motion to close the meeting at 8:20 by Fred, KD8ZYD and 2nded by Al, K8SIX.

ZOOM MEETINGS

In person meetings have resumed. We are getting better at presenting ZOOM meetings. Really hope you can join us in person, but if you can't, please join our ZOOM meeting.

For those not familiar with ZOOM, please refer to the 2020 October or November issues of The Long Path which are accessible online on the SEMDXA Website for details on how to setup your computer for a ZOOM meeting.

Use the one step process and just click on the link below to join upcoming meetings.

https://umich.zoom.us/j/91352970493?pwd=N0t3N1RpUFZj VGQzZHZwTnU0bHpuUT09

SOLAR STUFF

14,300-yr-old tree rings reveal largest-ever

solar storm

An international team of scientists has discovered a huge spike in radiocarbon levels 14,300 years ago by analysing ancient tree-rings found in the French Alps.

The radiocarbon spike was caused by a massive solar storm, the biggest ever identified. The largest, directly-observed, solar storm occurred in 1859 and is known as the Carrington Event. It caused massive disruption on Earth -- destroying telegraph machines and creating a night-time aurora so bright that birds began to sing, believing the sun had begun to rise. Nine such extreme solar storms -- known as Miyake Events -- have now been identified as having occurred over the last 15,000 years. The most recent confirmed Miyake Events occurred in 993 AD and 774 AD.

The above excerpt was from the "Greater Kashmir" on October 9th, 2023

NOT CANCELLED YET

Some things to look forward to:

- SEMDXA January 2024 in-person meeting at Fork n' Pint in Waterford on Wednesday, January 10th at 7:00 PM
- 2024 Hamvention
- The December issue of The Long Path
- Thanksgiving, Christmas
- SEMDXA Zukey Lake Luncheon Wed. Dec 13

Hamfests

12/3/23 - Fulton County Winterfest, Archbold, OH 12/3/23 - L'Anse Creuse, Troy, MI 1/15/24 - SCARF Hamfest, Shade, OH

V62P & V62S

Micronesia

Cesar, VE3LYC is IOTA activating again. His <u>web</u>site has marvelous details of his plans and negotiations for boat transportation as he travels from island to island. Sounds like something out of the 1800's, but that's nothing new for Ceazar as we have learned from one of his presentations to the SEMDXA membership earlier this year. It certainly is worth a visit to his website to learn of his exploits. I (your editor) will be looking for him on the air. Good luck Cesar!

708 - Yemen

Two operators will be QRV Nov 3rd to Nov 16th, 708AD (Ken) and 708AE (Shani). 160-10M SSB/CW/FT8. VDAs and verticals will be deployed.

H44WA Solomon Is.

H44WA will be operating using FT8 in Fox/Hound mode, using WSJT-X. When conditions allow, we'll be using multiple streams so we can have increased rates. Therefore, hounds, please call well above 1000Hz (i.e. 1050 or higher).

We should have adequate Internet service during the H44WA expedition; therefore, we have decided to use the ClubLog Live feature. Due to our remote location, please be aware that our Internet service will not always be available.

FT8 SPOOF PREVENTION FOR H44WA

In an effort to combat piracy, the H44WA team will be beta-testing a new anti-spoofing technology developed by our team member/WSJT-X developer Brian Moran, N9ADG. This should help calling stations have confidence that they're copying the real H44WA. We will be looking to the amateur radio community for feedback on its usefulness. As well as areas of improvement.

Here's how it works: H44WA will transmit CQs and work stations, and every few cycles will send a callsign followed by a 6 digit verification number:

010200 -3 0.1 300 - H44WA 695243

010200 -3 0.1 360 - CQ H44WA QI90

Only H44WA will be able to send the right code for a particular timestamp, which can be verified by checking

the www.9dx.cc website: https://www.9dx.cc/verify/ H44WA

This anti-spoofing feature uses time-based one-time passwords based on a key known only by H44WA and the www.9dx.cc website

(continued in the next column)

Last five minutes of verification codes for H44WA.

Callsign	Date	Timestamp		Code	
H44WA	20231019	005830		225674	
H44WA	20231019	005900		148917	
H44WA	20231019	005930		526016	
H44WA	20231019	010000		344803	
H44WA	20231019	010030	timestamp and code match	082164	
H44WA	20231019	010100	what was	561546	
H44WA	20231019	010130	displayed in WSJT-X	719038	
H44WA	20231019	010200		695243	>
H44WA	20231019	010230		251444	
H44WA	20231019	010300		797090	
H44WA	20231019	010330		669870	

Make sure that the Code and the Timestamp BOTH match what was sent by the station claiming to be H44WA

H44WA BAND PLAN

CW	SSB	FT8
1.825		1.836 F/H
3.523	3.780	3.567 F/H
		5.357
7.010	7.090	7.056 F/H
10.114		10.131 F/H
14.023	14.185	14.090 F/H
18.069	18.125	18.095 F/H
21.023	21.275	21.091 F/H
24.891	24.955	24.911 F/H
28.023	28.485	28.091 F/H
50.115	50.115	50.323 F/H

ZL& - Chatham Is.

JA1SVP, JE1SYN and JF1OCQ will be on the air from November 9-22nd as ZL7A. They will be doing SSB, CW, FT8 and FT4 on 160-6 on three radios.

6M Comments

Wow is all I can say. Friday October 20th ZLs were being worked from EN82. Not me! But VE3EDY worked several. Oct 30th he worked 3B9FR. I better fix my 6M antenna system!

THE LONG PATH

CLUBLOG

Most wanted - Top 25

1	P5	DPRK (NORTH KOREA)
2	BS7H	SCARBOROUGH REEF
3	CE0X	SAN FELIX ISLANDS
4	BV9P	PRATAS ISLAND
5	KH7K	KURE ISLAND
6	KH3	JOHNSTON ISLAND
7	FT/G	GLORIOSO ISLAND
8	3Y/P	PETER 1 ISLAND
9	FT5/X	KERGUELEN ISLAND
10	YV0	AVES ISLAND
11	3Y/B	BOUVET ISLAND
12	ZS8	PRINCE EDWARD & MARION
13	KH4	MIDWAY ISLAND
14	VK0M	MACQUARIE ISLAND
15	PY0S	SAINT PETER AND PAUL ROCKS
16	PY0T	TRINDADE & MARTIM VAZ
17	KP5	DESECHEO ISLAND
18	VP8S	SOUTH SANDWICH ISLANDS
19	KH5	PALMYRA & JARVIS ISLANDS
20	ZL9	NEW ZEALAND SUBANTARCTIC
21	FK/C	CHESTERFIELD ISLANDS
22	VK0H	HEARD ISLAND
23	EZ	TURKMENISTAN
24	FT/T	TROMELIN ISLAND
25	YK	SYRIA

FT4GL - Glorioso

The team decided to postpone Operation Glorioso 2023 scheduled for December. The reason for this postponement is due to the advisory committee of the Glorieuses des Terres Australes et Antartiques Françaises (TAAF) nature reserve, which was unable to comment due to a schedule incompatible with our initial request, an unfavorable opinion was given, therefore been returned. Even if it is a disappointment, the operation is not cancelled as Marek is planning to return to Les Glorieuses in 2024 as part of his professional activities. The operation is therefore postponed until March 2024.

H40WA - Temotu

The Intrepid-DX Group is pleased to announce that all of our plans to activate H40 Temotu Province are going well.

We are happy to report that all of our equipment is with Customs in Honiara, Solomon Islands. Our local agent will then arrange ferry transport to Lom Lom, Temotu Province. We had intended to ship our gear via Ocean Cargo however unplanned delays forced it to go via Air Cargo. As you can imagine, this is very costly! We have purchased additional generators in the Solomon Islands to add redundancy to our Dxpedition equipment. We are very serious about this operation and pledge to make the best activation possible.

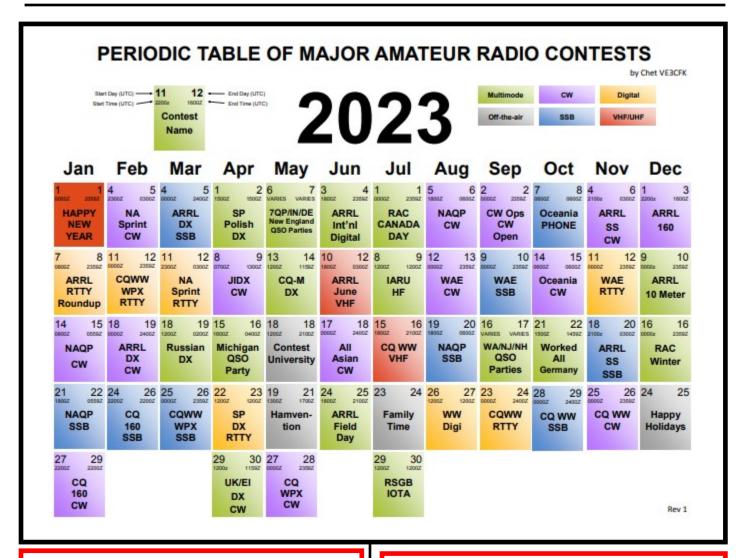
We are also coordinating frequencies with the TJ9MD Team that recently announced their plans to coincide with H40WA. We will be regularly updating our website.

We have assembled a team of eight operators to make a fifteen-day activation of this entity. Temotu Province ranks #43 on Clublog's most wanted DXCC list.

We will make a significant effort on the low bands during this activation. We will use 1500 watts on the 80/160 meter bands. We will use CW/SSB and FT8 Fox/Hound modes. We plan to be active during the CQ WW SSB Contest October 28th-29th.

T32TT

Dom 3Z9DX announces the next planned trip for the Rebel DX Group is to Kiribati (Christmas Island) as T32TT in December 2023. He mentions 2-3 ops in total running mainly FT8 and some CW & SSB. Dom also mentions he is waiting on the 5N5N Nigeria callsign confirmation, with trips to Africa starting early 2024.



E5 - N Cook Is

E51JAN, Janusz, says on October 30th, in Europe is probably the last day of his operation on 40M. After that he is changing the antenna to 30 meters to operate there for the last week.

T8 - Palau

Nobu JA0JHQ will be T88PB during the JIDX contest. Operation will be November 11 to 14 with 500 watts and inverted V and a yagi. SSB on 160 - 10M.

A2 - Botswana

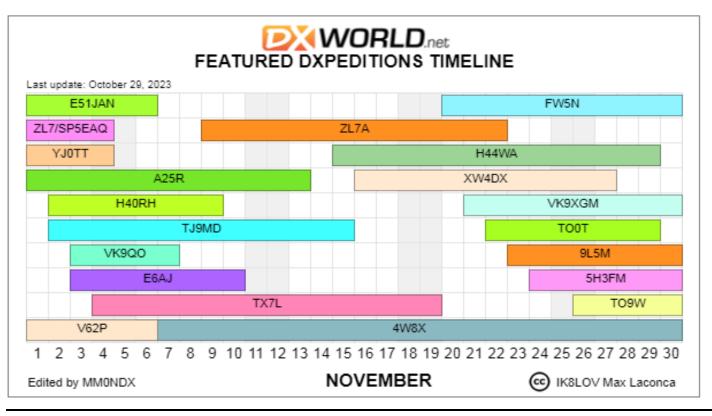
A25RU has been active with 7 operators mostly FT8 on 160 - 10M. Operation continues to November 12th. Here's a link to their web page: <u>A25RU</u> <u>Webpage</u>

DUES are **DUE**

Thank you to Bernie, W3UR, The Daily DX, The Weekly DX, ARRL and DX World, NG3K, CLUBLOG, Dales Tales and CQ magazine for their contributions

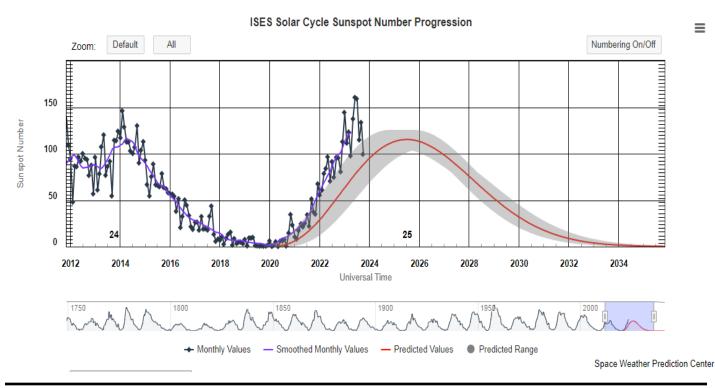
Upcoming DX

Credit to DX World

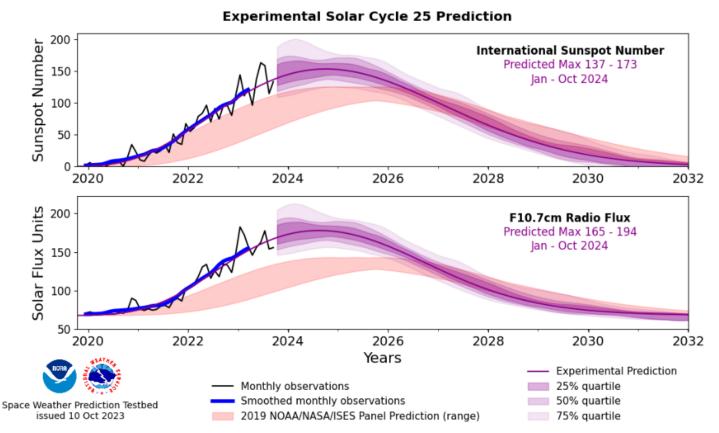


SOLAR CYCLE 25

NOAA/SWPC



Solar Cycle Progression Updated Prediction (Experimental)



Since the Solar Cycle was discovered over 180 years ago, its progression has been monitored by counting the number of sunspots and sunspot groups visible (through a solar telescope) on the solar surface each day.

These daily measurements are compiled into a monthly average and graphed as a function of time, as indicated by the black line in the top Figure (Figure 1). The blue line is a smoothed version of the this observed sunspot number, obtained by applying a 13-month average to each point in the black curve.

Though other quantitative measures of solar cycle progression exist, none has the 400-year history of the sunspot number. In the past few decades there has been a focused effort to standardize and calibrate how the sunspot number is calculated. This effort is reflected in the International Sunspot Number, which is main-tained and distributed by the Solar Influences Data Analysis Center (SIDC) at the Royal Observatory of Belgium.

The frequency and severity of solar storms such as flares and coronal mass ejections increases with the sunspot number. Having a reliable forecast of what the sunspot number is likely to be several months or years from now is therefore valuable for space weather customers. The maximum value of the smoothed sunspot number reached in each cycle is referred to as the cycle amplitude, or strength. Amplitudes vary from cycle to cycle, with an average value of 178.

In 2018-2019, NOAA, NASA, and the International Space Environment Service (ISES) convened an international panel to predict the amplitude of Solar Cycle 25 and the date at which solar maximum will occur. The panel solicited for community input and received nearly 50 distinct predictions that were synthesized into a single prediction, with a range of uncertainty. The uncertainty range of the panel prediction, issued in 2019, is shown as the shaded red area in Figure 1.

Solar Cycle Progression Updated Prediction (cont'd)

Within several years, it became clear that this panel prediction was too low, just beyond the estimated range of uncertainty. Though it is still interesting from a scientific standpoint to compare the observed progression with the prediction made before the cycle started, a more reliable forecast is needed to accurately assess the potential for space weather hazards.

An updated forecast for the amplitude and timing of Solar Cycle 25 is shown by the magenta line in Figure 1. This is obtained by applying a curve fit to the available observational data (black line) based on the same function that was used to produce the red line. In other words, the parameters in the panel prediction are adjusted to better match the observed sunspot number data. An average is then computed between the current fit and one made without the most recent nine months of data. This makes the prediction more robust to short-term trends. A new prediction is made in this way every month as new data become available.

The shaded regions show the uncertainty in the prediction, obtained by applying the same prediction method to previous cycles at the same stage in each cycle (measured in months since cycle beginning). In particular, the three shades show the first three quartiles of the deviations from previous predictions.

So, this should be interpreted as follows. There is roughly a 25% chance that the smoothed sunspot number will fall within the dark shaded region at a particular time in the future. Similarly, there is a 50% chance the smoothed sunspot number will fall in the medium-shaded region and a 75% chance it will fall in the lightest of the shaded regions.

Figure 2 (bottom) shows a similar prediction made for the solar emission of radio waves in the 10.7 cm (2800 MHz) band. This is often referred to as the F10.7 radio flux and it is found to be highly correlated with solar activity, making it another excellent way to follow the progression of the solar cycle.

As in Figure 1, the black line in Figure 2 represents observations compiled over the course of each month and the blue line represents a 13-month smoothing of these observations. These observations are provided by the Dominion Radio Astrophysical Observatory in Penticton, British Columbia, Canada. The F10.7 radio flux is traditionally given in solar flux units (1 sfu = 1.e-22 Watt per square meter per Hz).

The range of the 2019 panel prediction (red shaded area) for the F10.7 radio flux in Figure 2 is obtained by applying a conversion to the sunspot number prediction indicated by the red area in Figure 1. The conversion function is a fourth-order polynomial that is calibrated with empirical data.

The quartiles for the updated prediction (magenta shaded region) are obtained by applying the same conversion function to the corresponding sunspot number quartile deviations in Figure 1. The updated prediction itself (magenta line) is obtained via a direct fit to the observed monthly F10.7 data.

The latest predictions for both sunspot number and F10.7 radio flux are provided in the following json file. The high and low values included in this file are those for the 50% quartile (median deviation).

For further information on the observation sources and access to data, see <u>SWPC's Solar Cycle Progression</u> <u>Website</u>.

Upcoming DX

Start	<u>End</u>	DXCC	<u>Call</u>	QSL	Reported	
Date	<u>Date</u>	<u>Entity</u>		via	by	
2023						
Octo	ober					
2023 Oct10	2023 Oct30	Tuvalu	<u>T2C</u> [spots]	LoTW	<u>TDDX</u> 20230630	
2023 Oct11	2023 Oct30	Cambodia	XU7AME	eQSL Only	<u>TDDX</u> 20231023	
2023 Oct12	2023 Nov06	North Cook Is	<u>E51JAN</u> [spots]	Club Log OQRS	SP9FIH 20230823	
2023 Oct18	2023 Oct30	Micronesia	V63AH [spots]	LoTW	DL2AH 20230116	
2023 Oct20	2023 Nov04	Chatham I	ZL7 [spots]	LoTW	DXW.Net 20230616	
2023 Oct22	2023 Dec05	Vanuatu	<u>YJOCA</u> [spots]	See Info	VK2YUS 20230925	
2023 Oct24	2023 Oct31	Cayman Is	ZF2RD [spots]	LoTW	<u>TDDX</u> 20231004	
2023 Oct25	2023 Oct31	Micronesia	V6SX [spots]	LoTW	DXW.Net 20230716	
2023 Oct25	2023 Oct31	Saba & St Eustatius	PJ5	LoTW	W5JON 20230205	
2023 Oct26	2023 Nov04	Vanuatu	YJ0TT [spots]	ТВА	<u>TDDX</u> 20221222	
2023 Oct26	2023 Nov13	Botswana	<u>A25R</u> [spots]	LoTW	DXW.Net 20231016	
2023 Oct27	2023 Oct31	Micronesia	V63CB [spots]	LoTW	<u>TDDX</u> 20230716	
CQ World	CQ Worldwide DX Contest, SSB (Oct 28-29, 2023) Check here for pericon-					
November						
2023 Nov01	2023 Nov09	Temotu	<u>H40RH</u>	OE1JUN	<u>425DXN</u> 20230818	
2023 Nov02	2023 Nov15	Cameroon	TJ9MD	(IK2VUC B/d)	DXW.Net 20230901	
2023 Nov03	2023 Nov07	Cocos (Keeling)	VK9QO	JI1LET	<u>OPDX</u> 20230927	

Credit to: NG3K Amateur Radio Contest/DX Page

Editors NOTE:

I've intentionally left a wide margin here for your notes on band and mode fills required.

Upcoming DX

Credit to: NG3K Amateur Radio Contest/DX Page

2023 Nov03	2023 Nov10	Niue	<u>E6AJ</u>	DF8AN (B/d)	DXW.Net 20230406		
2023 Nov04	2023 Nov19	Marquesas	<u>TX7L</u>	LoTW	<u>TDDX</u> 20230306		
2023 Nov05	2023 Nov10	Bahamas	C6A	LoTW	<u>TDDX</u> 20230821		
2023 Nov06	2023 Dec05	Timor Leste	<u>4W8X</u>	LoTW	<u>TDDX</u> 20230722		
2023 Nov08	2023 Dec08	Tanzania	5H3MB	LoTW	DXW.Net 20230920		
2023 Nov09	2023 Nov22	Chatham Is	<u>ZL7A</u>	LoTW	<u>TDDX</u> 20230802		
2023 Nov15	2023 Nov29	Solomon Is	<u>H44WA</u>	MOURX	DXW.Net 20230513		
2023 Nov16	2023 Nov27	Laos	<u>XW4DX</u>	LoTW	DXW.Net 20230907		
2023 Nov16	2023 Nov30	Namibia	V51WH	DK2WH	DXW.Net 20230913		
2023 Nov18	2023 Nov25	Panama	HP1	LoTW	<u>TDDX</u> 20231023		
2023 Nov21	2023 Dec05	Christmas I	<u>VK9XGM</u>	LoTW	DXW.Net 20230506		
2023 Nov21	2023 Nov28	Honduras	HR9	LoTW	<u>TDDX</u> 20230927		
2023 Nov23	2023 Dec06	Sierre Leo- ne	9L5M	LoTW	DXW.Net 20230828		
2023 Nov24	2023 Dec05	Tanzania	5H3FM	LoTW	DXW.Net 20231023		
CQ Worldwide DX Contest, CW (Nov 25-26, 2023) Check here for pericon-							
2023 Nov26	2023 Dec08	St Martin	<u>TO9W</u>	LoTW	K9EL 20230508		
Dece	December						
2023 Dec04	2023 Dec12	British Vir- gin Is	VP2VMM	LoTW	<u>TDDX</u> 20231014		
2023 Dec04	2023 Dec16	Micronesia	V6EU	LoTW	DL2AWG 20230707		

Upcoming DX

Credit to: NG3K Amateur Radio Contest/DX Page

2023 Dec26	2024 Jan05	St Vincent & Grena- dines	<u>J87TT</u>	LoTW	<u>DXW.Net</u>	
					20230905	
2023 Dec27	2024 Jan06	Rodrigues I	3B9AT	LoTW	DXW.Net 20230807	
2024						
Jan	uary					
2024	2024				DXW.Net	
Jan11	Jan30	Montserrat	VP2MDX	LoTW	20230807	
2024	2024	Dalau	Ŧo	Coo Info	DXW.Net	
Jan12	Jan18	Palau	Т8	See Info	20230922	
2024	2024	Dominica	J79	Club Log	FM5BH	
Jan17	Jan24	Dominica	J/9	OQRS	20230908	
2024	2024	Clipperton I	TX5S	LoTW	DXW.Net	
Jan18	Feb01	onpperton i	17.55	LOTW	20230321	
2024	2024	Aruba	P4	Club Log	DL4MM	
Jan19	Jan31	Aluba	1 4	OQRS	20231024	
Febr	uary					
2024	2024	Juan Fer-	CBOZA	HA1AG	DXW.Net	
Feb13	Feb20	nandez	CBUZA	TATAG	20230605	
2024	2024				DK6SP	
Feb14	Feb24	Guyana	<u>8R</u>	LoTW	20230611	
<u>ARRL In</u>	<u>ternationa</u>	<u>l DX Contest, C</u>	<u>W (Feb 17-18, 2</u>	2024) Checl	<u>k here for</u>	
2024	2024				<u>TDDX</u>	
Feb20	Feb27	Mauritius	3B8	LoTW	20230725	
2024	2024	Temotu	H40WA	LoTW	N6PSE	
Feb22	Mar07	Temotu	<u>140WA</u>	LOTVV	20230126	
2024	2024	St Kitts &	V4	K1ZN	K1ZN	
Feb25	Mar04	Nevis	• •		20230925	
	March					
2024	2024	Benin	TY5C	LoTW	DXW.Net	
Mar01	Mar31		1100		20230920	
2024 Mar02	2024 Mar30	Sint Maar- ten	PJ7AA	LoTW	<u>TDDX</u> 20230807	
		LEII	J3	LoTW	20230807 ON4MA	
2024 Mar04	2024 Mar16	Grenada			20230622	
2024	2024				DXW.Net	
Mar25	Apr03	Austral Is	<u>TX5G</u>	LoTW	20230810	
	1					

Upcoming DX

2024 Mar29	2024 Mar31	Mayotte	TO4VV	LoTW	DXW.Net 20230902
2024 Apr05	2024 Apr07	Mayotte	TO4VV	LoTW	DXW.Net 20230902
2024 Apr12	2024 Apr14	Mayotte	TO4VV	LoTW	DXW.Net 20230902
July					
2024 Jul02	2024 Jul15	St Pierre & Miquelon	FP	LoTW	<u>TDDX</u> 20231024

Credit to: NG3K Amateur Radio Contest/DX Page

